



# Royal Insurance Co.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

Largest Fire Office in the World.

HASELDEN & CO., Agents, Alexandria.  
R. VITERBO & CO., Agents, Cairo.

81-3-907

PHENIX ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 1789);  
HASELDEN & CO., Agents, Alexandria.  
FRED. OTT & CO., Sub-Agents, Cairo

THE PERFECTION OF QUALITY AND VALUE.

In Sterling Silver,  
"Welbeck" & Silver Plated Goods  
Provisions, Wines, Cigars,  
Crookery, Brushes,  
&c., &c.

**JOHN B. CAFFARI'S**  
"ECONOMICAL STORES"  
CAIRO AND ALEXANDRIA

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION. 16-11-06



**N. SPATHIS.**

CAIRO AND ALEXANDRIA

N.B.—This Whisky is the same as supplied to the Red Cross Society London, for use by the invalided troops and hospitals in South Africa, to the of House Lords and House of Commons.

## Icilmia

MOT ARABE SIGNIFIANT "COULE L'EAU"  
Icilmia Fluor Cream est la seule crème qui ne contient ni de la graisse ni de l'huile. Discrètement parfumée cette crème agit sur la peau admettant, donne une blancheur de perle, et communique la vitalité aux tissus, l'élasticité aux muscles, et une fraîcheur délicate par toute la peau. Ses vertus uniques dérivent d'une eau minérale naturelle, ainsi on peut bien l'appeler

**Crème naturelle**  
et la peau n'a besoin que de cette crème pour s'assurer la vitalité nécessaire pour résister aux rayons du soleil, à la chaleur, au froid et aux effets désastreux des eaux saumâtres, pour empêcher et guérir les irritations et les vices du sang surchauffé, et pour conserver la jeunesse fraîche et sans les rides, qui arrivent si vite dans les pays chauds.  
L'emploi de cette crème éloigne beaucoup les insectes et les moustiques et soulage immédiatement de leurs piqures.  
Dépôt pour l'Egypte: J. Macgregor, Pharmacien Alexandria, Cairo, Ibrahimeh, Luxor.  
Icilmia Co., Ltd., 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

## British Commercial Travellers

Waiting Cairo should arrange with  
"THE COMMERCIAL BUREAU"  
"Sharia Madabegh, for introductions to Firms"

## NEW KHEDIVIAL HOTEL

Built in 1904. Modern House. Splendid situation. Electric Light Lift. Pansion P.T. 40. Arrangements for families.  
Rooms and Breakfast P.T. 25. — Meals in the Court 30-35-40-50-60-70-80-90-100-110-120-130-140-150-160-170-180-190-200-210-220-230-240-250-260-270-280-290-300-310-320-330-340-350-360-370-380-390-400-410-420-430-440-450-460-470-480-490-500-510-520-530-540-550-560-570-580-590-600-610-620-630-640-650-660-670-680-690-700-710-720-730-740-750-760-770-780-790-800-810-820-830-840-850-860-870-880-890-900-910-920-930-940-950-960-970-980-990-1000-1010-1020-1030-1040-1050-1060-1070-1080-1090-1100-1110-1120-1130-1140-1150-1160-1170-1180-1190-1200-1210-1220-1230-1240-1250-1260-1270-1280-1290-1300-1310-1320-1330-1340-1350-1360-1370-1380-1390-1400-1410-1420-1430-1440-1450-1460-1470-1480-1490-1500-1510-1520-1530-1540-1550-1560-1570-1580-1590-1600-1610-1620-1630-1640-1650-1660-1670-1680-1690-1700-1710-1720-1730-1740-1750-1760-1770-1780-1790-1800-1810-1820-1830-1840-1850-1860-1870-1880-1890-1900-1910-1920-1930-1940-1950-1960-1970-1980-1990-2000-2010-2020-2030-2040-2050-2060-2070-2080-2090-2100-2110-2120-2130-2140-2150-2160-2170-2180-2190-2200-2210-2220-2230-2240-2250-2260-2270-2280-2290-2300-2310-2320-2330-2340-2350-2360-2370-2380-2390-2400-2410-2420-2430-2440-2450-2460-2470-2480-2490-2500-2510-2520-2530-2540-2550-2560-2570-2580-2590-2600-2610-2620-2630-2640-2650-2660-2670-2680-2690-2700-2710-2720-2730-2740-2750-2760-2770-2780-2790-2800-2810-2820-2830-2840-2850-2860-2870-2880-2890-2900-2910-2920-2930-2940-2950-2960-2970-2980-2990-3000-3010-3020-3030-3040-3050-3060-3070-3080-3090-3100-3110-3120-3130-3140-3150-3160-3170-3180-3190-3200-3210-3220-3230-3240-3250-3260-3270-3280-3290-3300-3310-3320-3330-3340-3350-3360-3370-3380-3390-3400-3410-3420-3430-3440-3450-3460-3470-3480-3490-3500-3510-3520-3530-3540-3550-3560-3570-3580-3590-3600-3610-3620-3630-3640-3650-3660-3670-3680-3690-3700-3710-3720-3730-3740-3750-3760-3770-3780-3790-3800-3810-3820-3830-3840-3850-3860-3870-3880-3890-3900-3910-3920-3930-3940-3950-3960-3970-3980-3990-4000-4010-4020-4030-4040-4050-4060-4070-4080-4090-4100-4110-4120-4130-4140-4150-4160-4170-4180-4190-4200-4210-4220-4230-4240-4250-4260-4270-4280-4290-4300-4310-4320-4330-4340-4350-4360-4370-4380-4390-4400-4410-4420-4430-4440-4450-4460-4470-4480-4490-4500-4510-4520-4530-4540-4550-4560-4570-4580-4590-4600-4610-4620-4630-4640-4650-4660-4670-4680-4690-4700-4710-4720-4730-4740-4750-4760-4770-4780-4790-4800-4810-4820-4830-4840-4850-4860-4870-4880-4890-4900-4910-4920-4930-4940-4950-4960-4970-4980-4990-5000-5010-5020-5030-5040-5050-5060-5070-5080-5090-5100-5110-5120-5130-5140-5150-5160-5170-5180-5190-5200-5210-5220-5230-5240-5250-5260-5270-5280-5290-5300-5310-5320-5330-5340-5350-5360-5370-5380-5390-5400-5410-5420-5430-5440-5450-5460-5470-5480-5490-5500-5510-5520-5530-5540-5550-5560-5570-5580-5590-5600-5610-5620-5630-5640-5650-5660-5670-5680-5690-5700-5710-5720-5730-5740-5750-5760-5770-5780-5790-5800-5810-5820-5830-5840-5850-5860-5870-5880-5890-5900-5910-5920-5930-5940-5950-5960-5970-5980-5990-6000-6010-6020-6030-6040-6050-6060-6070-6080-6090-6100-6110-6120-6130-6140-6150-6160-6170-6180-6190-6200-6210-6220-6230-6240-6250-6260-6270-6280-6290-6300-6310-6320-6330-6340-6350-6360-6370-6380-6390-6400-6410-6420-6430-6440-6450-6460-6470-6480-6490-6500-6510-6520-6530-6540-6550-6560-6570-6580-6590-6600-6610-6620-6630-6640-6650-6660-6670-6680-6690-6700-6710-6720-6730-6740-6750-6760-6770-6780-6790-6800-6810-6820-6830-6840-6850-6860-6870-6880-6890-6900-6910-6920-6930-6940-6950-6960-6970-6980-6990-7000-7010-7020-7030-7040-7050-7060-7070-7080-7090-7100-7110-7120-7130-7140-7150-7160-7170-7180-7190-7200-7210-7220-7230-7240-7250-7260-7270-7280-7290-7300-7310-7320-7330-7340-7350-7360-7370-7380-7390-7400-7410-7420-7430-7440-7450-7460-7470-7480-7490-7500-7510-7520-7530-7540-7550-7560-7570-7580-7590-7600-7610-7620-7630-7640-7650-7660-7670-7680-7690-7700-7710-7720-7730-7740-7750-7760-7770-7780-7790-7800-7810-7820-7830-7840-7850-7860-7870-7880-7890-7900-7910-7920-7930-7940-7950-7960-7970-7980-7990-8000-8010-8020-8030-8040-8050-8060-8070-8080-8090-8100-8110-8120-8130-8140-8150-8160-8170-8180-8190-8200-8210-8220-8230-8240-8250-8260-8270-8280-8290-8300-8310-8320-8330-8340-8350-8360-8370-8380-8390-8400-8410-8420-8430-8440-8450-8460-8470-8480-8490-8500-8510-8520-8530-8540-8550-8560-8570-8580-8590-8600-8610-8620-8630-8640-8650-8660-8670-8680-8690-8700-8710-8720-8730-8740-8750-8760-8770-8780-8790-8800-8810-8820-8830-8840-8850-8860-8870-8880-8890-8900-8910-8920-8930-8940-8950-8960-8970-8980-8990-9000-9010-9020-9030-9040-9050-9060-9070-9080-9090-9100-9110-9120-9130-9140-9150-9160-9170-9180-9190-9200-9210-9220-9230-9240-9250-9260-9270-9280-9290-9300-9310-9320-9330-9340-9350-9360-9370-9380-9390-9400-9410-9420-9430-9440-9450-9460-9470-9480-9490-9500-9510-9520-9530-9540-9550-9560-9570-9580-9590-9600-9610-9620-9630-9640-9650-9660-9670-9680-9690-9700-9710-9720-9730-9740-9750-9760-9770-9780-9790-9800-9810-9820-9830-9840-9850-9860-9870-9880-9890-9900-9910-9920-9930-9940-9950-9960-9970-9980-9990-10000-10010-10020-10030-10040-10050-10060-10070-10080-10090-10100-10110-10120-10130-10140-10150-10160-10170-10180-10190-10200-10210-10220-10230-10240-10250-10260-10270-10280-10290-10300-10310-10320-10330-10340-10350-10360-10370-10380-10390-10400-10410-10420-10430-10440-10450-10460-10470-10480-10490-10500-10510-10520-10530-10540-10550-10560-10570-10580-10590-10600-10610-10620-10630-10640-10650-10660-10670-10680-10690-10700-10710-10720-10730-10740-10750-10760-10770-10780-10790-10800-10810-10820-10830-10840-10850-10860-10870-10880-10890-10900-10910-10920-10930-10940-10950-10960-10970-10980-10990-11000-11010-11020-11030-11040-11050-11060-11070-11080-11090-11100-11110-11120-11130-11140-11150-11160-11170-11180-11190-11200-11210-11220-11230-11240-11250-11260-11270-11280-11290-11300-11310-11320-11330-11340-11350-11360-11370-11380-11390-11400-11410-11420-11430-11440-11450-11460-11470-11480-11490-11500-11510-11520-11530-11540-11550-11560-11570-11580-11590-11600-11610-11620-11630-11640-11650-11660-11670-11680-11690-11700-11710-11720-11730-11740-11750-11760-11770-11780-11790-11800-11810-11820-11830-11840-11850-11860-11870-11880-11890-11900-11910-11920-11930-11940-11950-11960-11970-11980-11990-12000-12010-12020-12030-12040-12050-12060-12070-12080-12090-12100-12110-12120-12130-12140-12150-12160-12170-12180-12190-12200-12210-12220-12230-12240-12250-12260-12270-12280-12290-12300-12310-12320-12330-12340-12350-12360-12370-12380-12390-12400-12410-12420-12430-12440-12450-12460-12470-12480-12490-12500-12510-12520-12530-12540-12550-12560-12570-12580-12590-12600-12610-12620-12630-12640-12650-12660-12670-12680-12690-12700-12710-12720-12730-12740-12750-12760-12770-12780-12790-12800-12810-12820-12830-12840-12850-12860-12870-12880-12890-12900-12910-12920-12930-12940-12950-12960-12970-12980-12990-13000-13010-13020-13030-13040-13050-13060-13070-13080-13090-13100-13110-13120-13130-13140-13150-13160-13170-13180-13190-13200-13210-13220-13230-13240-13250-13260-13270-13280-13290-13300-13310-13320-13330-13340-13350-13360-13370-13380-13390-13400-13410-13420-13430-13440-13450-13460-13470-13480-13490-13500-13510-13520-13530-13540-13550-13560-13570-13580-13590-13600-13610-13620-13630-13640-13650-13660-13670-13680-13690-13700-13710-13720-13730-13740-13750-13760-13770-13780-13790-13800-13810-13820-13830-13840-13850-13860-13870-13880-13890-13900-13910-13920-13930-13940-13950-13960-13970-13980-13990-14000-14010-14020-14030-14040-14050-14060-14070-14080-14090-14100-14110-14120-14130-14140-14150-14160-14170-14180-14190-14200-14210-14220-14230-14240-14250-14260-14270-14280-14290-14300-14310-14320-14330-14340-14350-14360-14370-14380-14390-14400-14410-14420-14430-14440-14450-14460-14470-14480-14490-14500-14510-14520-14530-14540-14550-14560-14570-14580-14590-14600-14610-14620-14630-14640-14650-14660-14670-14680-14690-14700-14710-14720-14730-14740-14750-14760-14770-14780-14790-14800-14810-14820-14830-14840-14850-14860-14870-14880-14890-14900-14910-14920-14930-14940-14950-14960-14970-14980-14990-15000-15010-15020-15030-15040-15050-15060-15070-15080-15090-15100-15110-15120-15130-15140-15150-15160-15170-15180-15190-15200-15210-15220-15230-15240-15250-15260-15270-15280-15290-15300-15310-15320-15330-15340-15350-15360-15370-15380-15390-15400-15410-15420-15430-15440-15450-15460-15470-15480-15490-15500-15510-15520-15530-15540-15550-15560-15570-15580-15590-15600-15610-15620-15630-15640-15650-15660-15670-15680-15690-15700-15710-15720-15730-15740-15750-15760-15770-15780-15790-15800-15810-15820-15830-15840-15850-15860-15870-15880-15890-15900-15910-15920-15930-15940-15950-15960-15970-15980-15990-16000-16010-16020-16030-16040-16050-16060-16070-16080-16090-16100-16110-16120-16130-16140-16150-16160-16170-16180-16190-16200-16210-16220-16230-16240-16250-16260-16270-16280-16290-16300-16310-16320-16330-16340-16350-16360-16370-16380-16390-16400-16410-16420-16430-16440-16450-16460-16470-16480-16490-16500-16510-16520-16530-16540-16550-16560-16570-16580-16590-16600-16610-16620-16630-16640-16650-16660-16670-16680-16690-16700-16710-16720-16730-16740-16750-16760-16770-16780-16790-16800-16810-16820-16830-16840-16850-16860-16870-16880-16890-16900-16910-16920-16930-16940-16950-16960-16970-16980-16990-17000-17010-17020-17030-17040-17050-17060-17070-17080-17090-17100-17110-17120-17130-17140-17150-17160-17170-17180-17190-17200-17210-17220-17230-17240-17250-17260-17270-17280-17290-17300-17310-17320-17330-17340-17350-17360-17370-17380-17390-17400-17410-17420-17430-17440-17450-17460-17470-17480-17490-17500-17510-17520-17530-17540-17550-17560-17570-17580-17590-17600-17610-17620-17630-17640-17650-17660-17670-17680-17690-17700-17710-17720-17730-17740-17750-17760-17770-17780-17790-17800-17810-17820-17830-17840-17850-17860-17870-17880-17890-17900-17910-17920-17930-17940-17950-17960-17970-17980-17990-18000-18010-18020-18030-18040-18050-18060-18070-18080-18090-18100-18110-18120-18130-18140-18150-18160-18170-18180-18190-18200-18210-18220-18230-18240-18250-18260-18270-18280-18290-18300-18310-18320-18330-18340-18350-18360-18370-18380-18390-18400-18410-18420-18430-18440-18450-18460-18470-18480-18490-18500-18510-18520-18530-18540-18550-18560-18570-18580-18590-18600-18610-18620-18630-18640-18650-18660-18670-18680-18690-18700-18710-18720-18730-18740-18750-18760-18770-18780-18790-18800-18810-18820-18830-18840-18850-18860-18870-18880-18890-18900-18910-18920-18930-18940-18950-18960-18970-18980-18990-19000-19010-19020-19030-19040-19050-19060-19070-19080-19090-19100-19110-19120-19130-19140-19150-19160-19170-19180-19190-19200-19210-19220-19230-19240-19250-19260-19270-19280-19290-19300-19310-19320-19330-19340-19350-19360-19370-19380-19390-19400-19410-19420-19430-19440-19450-19460-19470-19480-19490-19500-19510-19520-19530-19540-19550-19560-19570-19580-19590-19600-19610-19620-19630-19640-19650-19660-19670-19680-19690-19700-19710-19720-19730-19740-19750-19760-19770-19780-19790-19800-19810-19820-19830-19840-19850-19860-19870-19880-19890-19900-19910-19920-19930-19940-19950-19960-19970-19980-19990-20000-20010-200

## THE IMMODERATE PRESS.

## NOT ADMITTED TO SUDAN.

"Al Minbar" states in its issue of yesterday that it has received an official communication announcing that the journal will not be admitted into the Sudan. We can only express approval at the action of the Sudan Government in view of the immoderation with which "Al Minbar" discusses political question relating to the occupying Power. The organs of the nationalist party have assumed the foolish course of indulging in mere tirade against the advisers of the Khedive, and by such bring upon themselves the possibility of a perfectly justifiable suppression. We are rather inclined to hope that the prohibition of such intemperate journals in the Sudan is an augury of the application of a censorship over the Press of Egypt. It is exceedingly regrettable that there should be cause to seriously consider such an innovation, but a certain reaction, which is not constituted by our vernacular contemporaries alone, has become so seditions that we should feel ourselves obliged to support the Government in any means which they might deem necessary to check the violent and harmful declamations of unreasoning journalists. Let such take a lesson from the suppression of "Al Minbar" in the Sudan, and learn that their turbulence may preclude them from the liberty which moderation would ensure and from the consideration of serious men.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

## The Plague.

Two new plague patients were admitted to hospital at Suez yesterday and one patient was discharged.

## Assiout Ophthalmic Hospital.

The new ophthalmic hospital at Assiout was formally opened yesterday in the presence of the moudir of the province.

## Melouan Observatory.

The observatory will be open to the public on the 11th inst. on which occasion the Survey Department will be "at home."

## Military Exemption.

The military exemption tax between January 1 and August 31, 1906, realized L.E. 164,900 as against L.E. 116,920 for the same period last year.

## St. Andrew's Church, Alexandria.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated on Sunday morning at the close of the morning service. Friends and visitors are cordially invited.

## The Pilgrimage.

Two days ago, 150 Turkish pilgrims arrived at Cairo, where they passed a couple of days and they have now proceeded to Suez to embark for the Hedjaz.

## Law School Graduates.

By sanction of the Ministry of Justice, a number of graduates of the Khedivial Law School have been appointed "substitute du parquet" at the native courts.

## European Police for Egypt.

Provision has been made in the budget of the Ministry of the Interior for 1907 for the European police who are to be attached to the forces at Cairo and Alexandria.

## Cairo Circulating Library.

On and after Monday, 8th October, the Cairo Circulating Library will be open at the usual winter hours, viz. from 10.30 a.m. to midday and from 4.30 to 6 p.m. of each day except Sunday.

## Comptoir National d'Escompte.

The Cairo branch of the Comptoir National d'Escompte, Paris, to be inaugurated on the 15th inst., will be temporarily housed in the Maison Manasseri, Emad el Din Avenue, near the Hotel d'Angleterre.

## National University.

The subscription towards the foundation of a National University has reached L.E. 2,100. It is feared in some quarters that this scheme of a National University will share the same fate as that drawn up by several Khedivial princes and Egyptian notables at the time of the Mohamed Ali century.

## Suez Canal.

On October 3, 6 vessels, 2 northward and 4 southward bound, transited the Canal and paid Fr. 177,712 59 for transit and passenger toll. Of these vessels, 3 were British, 2 German and 1 Austrian. The total receipts since October 1 are Fr. 639,119.92, paid by 25 vessels, of which 9 were northward and 16 southward bound.

## Slave Trade.

Mohamed Nasser, the notorious slave dealer, has at last been caught, after having eluded the vigilance of the authorities for eight years. Mohamet, who is the head of the El Farayati tribe, is famous for the pitched battle he fought with the police on September 28, 1903, where ten of his band were arrested and condemned to 15 years' hard labour. Lately the band were surprised with 12 slaves, whom the patrol, however, were unable to liberate, owing to the resistance shown by the Bedouins.

## New Employment Registry.

The British Chamber of Commerce gives notice that it has commenced an employment register, which may be consulted by members requiring clerical or other assistance. Applications will be received, free of charge, from clerks and others wishing to obtain posts in Egypt. Address, Secretary, British Chamber of Commerce, Alexandria. [Adv.]

## ITALIAN DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

## NEW AGENT FOR CAIRO.

ROME, October 4. Signor Nersizini, Italian Consul General at Shanghai, has been appointed Minister at Tangier, and Cav. Malmusi transferred to Cairo. Marquis Salvago-Raggi has been transferred to Zanzibar. Signor L. Mercatelli has been appointed Consul-General at Calcutta. Signor Medana, Consul-General at Tripoli, has been transferred to Teheran. Signor A. Monaco, Consul-General at Seoul, has been transferred to Shanghai. (Reuter)

ROME, October 4. M. Malmusi, Minister at Morocco, has been appointed Minister at Cairo, vice the Marquis Salvago-Raggi, who is appointed Consul-General at Zanzibar and Governor of Benadir. (H.)

The successor to the Marquis Salvago-Raggi at Cairo, Signor Giulio Malmusi, was born at Parma on the 15th April, 1841, and entered the Foreign Office at Rome on the 14th January, 1861. In the following year he was appointed a Vice-Counsel of the third class and proceeded to Barcelona. He was advanced to the second class in 1865. He has been Vice-Counsel at Gibraltar, Bonn, and Trebizond. In 1872 he became a Vice-Counsel of the first class and a Chevalier of the Crown of Italy two years afterwards. He went to Cairo as Consul in 1874 and to Alexandria in 1877, whence he was transferred to Philippopolis in 1879. He became Agent and Consul General at Tunis in 1884 and subsequently held the Consul-Generalship at Liverpool and Trieste and was appointed Minister Plenipotentiary at Tangiers in 1895. In 1899 he was nominated Consul-General of the First Class.

## THE KHEDIVÉ.

This morning, the Khedive came from Montazah to Ras El Tin Palace, and at noon proceeded to the Ghamrawi mosque in the Customs quarter, where his Highness attended prayer.

## SIR VINCENT CORBETT.

Quidnones in Cairo are busy finding a post in the diplomatic service for Sir Vincent Corbett, owing to the rumours about as to the Financial Adviser leaving the service of the Egyptian Government in order to take up a position under the Foreign Office. Last week they had discovered a high position for him in the Legation at Brussels; the week before it was Vienna!

## THE LABBAN AFFAIR.

## POLICEMEN NOT GUILTY.

The Gouvernorat has received an official communication from the Parquet, notifying that Onbashi Mohamed Taha and shawish Ibrahim Abd-el-Aal, who were charged with having caused the death of Osman Ahmed had been acquitted as not guilty and ordered to resume their duties.

The following is a summary of the contents of the document sent by the Parquet Général Cairo, to the Chef du Parquet of Alexandria in regard to the affair:—

Having carefully examined the official papers of inquiry held by the Alexandrian Parquet, and the decision of the Council of Discipline held at the Alexandria Gouvernorat, regarding the death of Osman Ahmed, we find that the policemen Mohamed Taha and Ibrahim Abd-el-Aal are quite blameless on the ground that medical reports show that the death of the deceased was due to internal disease. The trial of the accused held by the Council of Discipline contains no evidence to incriminate the onbashi and shawish, and moreover, the two witnesses being of the deceased's relatives, who preferred the charge against the policemen, their evidence can not be considered and furthermore the supposition that the policemen treated the man with some cruelty in the course of their duties affords insufficient ground to incriminate them.

## THE CENSUS OF EGYPT.

The preparations for taking the census of Egypt have already begun. Mr. Lewis, whose services have been engaged for taking the census by the Egyptian Government on account of his great experience in similar work in India, arrived at Alexandria yesterday, and paid a visit to the Alexandria Municipality in order to obtain some preliminary information on the subject of his new duties.

## WINDSOR HOTEL.

The following visitors are staying at the Windsor Hotel, Alexandria:—Lady Wattr, Miss Bill, Mr. Bill, J. Whitworth, Mr. J. Addie, Mr. Jullien, Mr. J. Kerr, Mr. and Mrs. Sergeant, Mr. W. Sergeant, Mme la Comtesse Pignol and maid, Mr. Kyan, Mr. van Pring, Mr. Woolley, Dr. Goldchild, Mr. Wilke, Dr. Cadman, Mr. Eujen, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Fiecher, Mr. Schreiber, Lt. Carl Hasse, Lt. Malsen, Mr. Mihowich, Mr. Chancellor, Mr. Silley, Mr. Naudy, Mr. Ch. Raymond, Mr. Palmer, Mr. Oskar, Dr. Aders, Mr. A. Rockner, Mr. A. Frank, Mr. Davies, Mr. Tothill, Mr. Negir, Mr. Wilkins, Mr. and Mrs. Cottan, Miss Cottan, Mr. Dr. J. Goldsch, Mr. Page, Mr. J. Cohen, Mr. Schaar, Mr. G. Smith, Mr. Hicks, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Nhoumou, Mr. Witworth, Mr. L. Asher, Mr. Greiz, Mr. Danbar, Mr. Bastan, Mr. Skofus, Mr. Barriety, Mr. Britain, Mr. Boulard, Capt. Halse, Mr. Harris, Mr. Davidson, Mr. Calender.

## THE SINAITIC BOUNDARY.

## MR. KEELING IN DANGER.

Owen Bey and Fakry Pasha are on their way to Akaba from Rafah, superintending en route the erection of boundary pillars on each side of the frontier, at intervals of one mile. We understand that on their arrival at Akaba they will return by way of fort Nakhil on the way to Suez, from whence they will proceed direct to Cairo. We are assured that the relations between the Anglo-Egyptian and Ottoman Commissioners were extremely friendly.

On the other hand, Mr. Keeling of the Survey Department, who was attached to the Commission, had a narrow escape between Akaba and Kuseima, at the hands of a raiding party of Bedouins, who had crossed the frontier to attack one of the Bedouin tribes under Egyptian protection. As Mr. Keeling's guide belonged to the latter tribe his position might have proved very dangerous, but the Bedouins fortunately did not press their enquiries too close by Mr. Keeling's guide succeeded in persuading the leaders of the raiding party that he had no connexion whatever with their enemies.

## MUSTAFA PASHA KAMEL.

## THE PROPOSED BANQUET.

Our Nationalist confrères are making the best of their time before Moustapha Pasha Kamel returns. "Al Moayad" criticises the Pasha's letter to Farid Bey as insincere.

Our confrère remarks:—"He still considers his enemies and his critics as opponents of true patriotism, enemies of all honest devotion to their country! He is modest—he only hopes that the great gift of a University will be offered to Egypt in his name! We suppose he intends to lay the foundation stone himself."

"Al Watan," the well-known Coptic organ, remarks at the Pasha's letter to Farid Bey:—"Moustapha Pasha Kamel is far too modest in his assertion that he has done nothing worth repeating. He forgets or pretends to forget that he has sown the seeds of discord between Moslem and Copt, between Egyptian and Syrian; that he has declared England to be the deadly foe of Islam; that he has taught Moslem to hate Christian, has brought England's anger upon us, has created that state of excitement among us which was described as fanaticism in the English Parliament and that he is the cause of all measures taken or to be taken by England to close her grip on the land and responsible for the very unfattering opinion the English have formed of us."

"Al Mokattam" learns from a correspondent the details of the menu at the banquet which will be given to Moustapha Pasha at the Grand Continental hotel.

The writer adds: I hope that all who have found in patriotism a source of profit and an occasion for good cheer will not lose this superb occasion of regaling themselves at their ease on dishes which are truly national.

"The Journal du Caire" remarks:—"D'une mentalité assez vulgaire, d'une intelligence tout-à-fait ordinaire, d'une sensibilité médiocre, il tombe dans le 'ridicule'. Ce n'est pas à vingt-cinq ans, quand on ignore encore la vie et qu'on n'a rien d'un apôtre, qu'on peut prétendre guider la 'conscience' d'une nation. A demi déseigné (car il n'a qu'une demi-instruction, et il est vraiment un 'primaire') il se croit assez puissant pour entraîner le pays à sa suite et assez habile pour éviter tous les obstacles. Il n'était en réalité que naïf. Je veux penser que quelquefois il fut sincère. Mais à partir de ce moment, à moins d'être absolument stupide, il dut s'apercevoir que la lutte était vaine et que l'Egypte jamais ne pourrait se nationaliser. Alors nous avons découvert ce que valaient, en réalité, ses grandes revendications, son grand patriotisme et son grand désintéressement!"

Son devoir est de se sacrifier ses idées chimériques et à défaut de la 'nationalisation' impossible, il devait accepter la domination anglaise qui a procuré du moins à son pays la véritable liberté, la sécurité, et qui a mis fin à la tyrannie et à l'esclavage. Il eût dû s'efforcer—cela s'est fait en Algérie, cependant—d'amortir les haines des deux races étrangères, de créer une sympathie effective, un lien entre les deux nations. Mais quoi! Son rôle eût été trop humble et il rêvait de destinées plus brillantes. Alors, avec son vulgaire tempérament d'opposition, il s'est tourné vers la Turquie. Désormais il devenait musulman avant d'être égyptien. La vanité l'avait égaré, il perdait peu à peu, ce sens des réalités sans lequel on n'est qu'un 'brouillon', un politicien imbecile, un bavard..."

Il revendiquait la liberté de son pays et à la domination sage, libre et prévoyante d'une nation européenne, il préférait la domination fanatique, dévouée et hypocrite de la Turquie. Il se disait patriote et il préparait la mort de l'Egypte. Car la vie d'un peuple n'est florissante que sous un gouvernement éclairé et évolutionniste. Or la Turquie rétrograde et pourrie s'étouffe dans un passé politique sans franchise et sans liberté.

## BLUNT'S ANTI-NATIONALISM.

## HIS BIASED CRITICISMS.

A correspondent writes as follows:—

You published the day before yesterday a letter to the "Times" from the pen of Mr. Blunt, who therein expresses his "unlooked for pleasure" at finding himself "once more attacked, after a silence of some twenty years" by his old adversary, Mr. Moberly Bell. One can fully understand Mr. Blunt's delight at the advertisement which he has received from a journal than which none other in the world stands higher, and were it not impossible to disregard the aspersions by which he tries to vilify his mother-nation, the publicity which he has received would be regrettable. Righteous indignation rankles in the heart of every true Britisher at the calumnies which are cast upon his nation by distorted facts emanating from one of the Empire's sons. Were Mr. Blunt content to criticise his country in an equitable spirit, to endeavour to obtain true and unbiased accounts of the happenings in Egypt, and to moderate his acrimony, one might read with interest and seriously consider his writings. But his obvious hatred for his country makes one feel that it is impossible to wage with him the war of pens with the feeling that he is an adversary worthy of the steel.

Mr. Blunt's avowal that the "Times" exaggerates his anti-English attitude cannot be accepted, as, in the opinion of every right-minded person, a man who is guilty of such misrepresentation of facts and hyperbolic statements to the detriment of his country, as are contained in his writings, can only be pronounced an anti-nationalist. We are well aware that his interest in the affairs and people of Egypt is of the keenest, and on such a point we could heartily agree with him, but in making it his obvious aim to sully the name of Great Britain in her dealings with a country which she has snatched from the abyss of bankruptcy and slavery and raised almost to the pinnacle of prosperity he estranges that sympathy which serious men could otherwise hold for him. There might be some slight excuse were Mr. Blunt ignorant of this country and its people, but he has passed a considerable portion of twenty-five years in Egypt, during which time he has seriously studied the customs of the modern Egyptians, and he cannot have failed to note the unwavering march of progress that the country has made under our guidance. Indeed, one is driven to doubt the sincerity of the band of Little-Englanders whose cry of "British injustice in Egypt" is now so prominent, especially in view of the fact that one of the most conspicuous of these has a full knowledge of the country from personal experience.

That Mr. Blunt's latest publication will receive credence in England is hardly likely, for, happily, the majority of the home Press has dealt with the regrettable incident of Danishwari in that equitable spirit which is still the predominant characteristic of the Britisher, despite the attempts of a small declamatory party to persuade the world of the contrary. There is the danger, however, that it may, in conjunction with the impetuous orations of certain members of Parliament and vehement articles of a few journalists lead some to doubt the wisdom with which the representatives of Great Britain are directing the Government of Egypt, and, though these will speedily be convinced of the injustice of such a conclusion if they care to study the question more deeply, a certain amount of mischief may be caused. It is somewhat remarkable that Mr. Blunt should play a prominent part in the endeavour of a few self-styled nationalists to foment the native to the verge of fanaticism, when he asserts such interest in their welfare, as he must surely realise that any forcible demonstration would be to the serious disadvantage of the people. The irrationality of Mr. Blunt and his fellow anti-nationalists, in addition to filling us with contempt, draws upon us the contumely of foreign nations, who come to the not unnatural conclusion that the abundance of Anglophobe Britishers is an indication of the deterioration of our race. As the crowd possesses with avidity upon occasion, so such men seize every opportunity to belittle their fellow-countrymen in the eyes of other nations. England, alas, is being assailed by an unparalleled wave of anti-British hysteria, which became epidemic at the commencement of the Boer war, and the sound of raucous voices pouring undeserved reproach upon men who are conscientiously and successfully striving to further the interests of countries which the first Power of the world has taken under her wing has become sufficiently common to constitute a peril to the Empire. It is deplorable that men of our own nationality endeavour to hide their other lack of patriotism under a spurious cloak of humanitarianism, and hold up to the world as martyrs semi-barbarians who have been guilty of an extraordinarily brutal outrage. Such absolute anti-nationalism is incomprehensible, and the attempt of our Little-Englanders to drive their mother-country on to the rocks is worse than dastardly.

## STEAMERS' MOVEMENTS.

The S.S. Taba, of the Navigazione Generale Italiane, sailed from Messina at 2 p.m., yesterday, with 100 first and second class passengers, and is due here on Sunday.

## INSTRUMENTAL CONCERTS.

Every Night On the Verandah of the WINDSOR HOTEL.

FROM 6 TO 12 P.M.

5 O'clock Tea Served on Verandah.

12-11-06

## THE MONEY FAMINE.

## GOVERNMENT TO THE RESCUE.

The prevailing scarcity of gold has to-day been very considerably alleviated by the prompt action of the Government in conjunction with the National Bank. Certain funds which are not available in ordinary cases have been placed as a temporary measure by the Government at the National Bank's disposal. The mere knowledge of this fact, combined with the assistance given by the Bank to the market, has changed the aspect of affairs, and financial circles have resumed their normal activity at this season of the year.

The thanks of the financial and mercantile community are due to the Egyptian Government for the ready way it took measures to meet a situation which was causing serious inconvenience not only in Alexandria, but also in Cairo and the interior.

It appears to be popularly believed that if a State Bank was in existence in Egypt, it would be able to prevent any similar crisis owing to its large reserve. But if such a bank were established, it would in all probability find it advantageous to keep its reserve in London just as the other banks do, seeing that money can be obtained by telegram in six days. To keep a large reserve permanently in Egypt would involve loss of interest during the summer to a considerable extent.

As we remarked yesterday, it has been suggested that the Government and the Caisse de la Dette are somewhat to be blamed for the existing stringency, as so much money gets looked up on its receipt in payment of taxes. But it would be as well to remind our readers that, in virtue of the Anglo-French Agreement of 1904, the receipts of the land tax are paid in to the Caisse de la Dette, which has no power to release these sums, while the balance of the Government revenues are sufficient at this season of the year to meet the outgoings in the shape of ordinary expenditure. Consequently no blame for such a stringency can fall on the Government. It is, on the contrary, the banks upon whom the responsibility falls in failing to be prepared for such an extraordinary contingency by making proper provision. On the other hand we do not consider that the banker can be held to be so full of foresight as to anticipate such unexampled prices at the opening of the cotton season. It will be remembered that temporary crises of this nature are by no means unprecedented in the commercial records of Alexandria, and all such crises have been invariably alleviated in a few days time by the arrival of money from London.

As the currency of Egypt is practically in British sovereigns, it is very easy to remedy any stringency by merely wiring to London. If, however, the currency were purely Egyptian, it is quite possible that a most serious situation would arise under similar circumstances.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Lady Valda Macbell, the wife of the Adviser of the Ministry of the Interior, was delivered of a daughter, still born, at St. James's Palace on the 25th ult.

Mr. and Lady Valda Macbell have been staying at St. James's Palace in the rooms which have been lent to them by Princess Victor Hohenlohe, who is herself at Frensham for the time being. We understand that Mr. Macbell leaves London to-day to join the P. & O. mail steamer Oairis at Brindisi, and is due here on Wednesday.

H.E. Ar's Pasha Izst, under-secretary to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, arrived in Cairo on Wednesday evening on his return from Europe.

Mahmoud Pasha Sidki, Governor of Cairo, came down to Alexandria yesterday evening.

Dean Butcher has been staying at Wessen on Lake Walensee. We regret to hear that he has been confined to his bed for some days. A sudden abnormal drop in the temperature brought on a rather severe bronchial attack, but we are glad to learn that the attack is yielding to treatment, and we hope that he will soon recover his strength.

Professor Gottschlich, sanitary inspector of Alexandria, has returned to Egypt from Europe and resumed his official duties. He has been attending the medical congress at Lisbon on behalf of the Alexandria Municipality.

Mr. James Wilson, of Newcastle University, has been appointed professor at the school of arts and crafts at Boulos.

## CARLTON HOTEL.

BULKLEY (near Alexandria) half way to San Stefano RAMLEY'S FASHIONABLE HOTEL. Full Pension P.T. 50 a day with Monthly Terms. Visitors from Cairo alight at Sidi Gaber. Proprietor, C.AQUILINA, (Late of The Cook & Son.) 24-11.

## Hamburg &amp; Anglo-American.

NILE COMPANY. River Transport of Goods between Alexandria and Cairo. THREE SAILINGS A WEEK. Agents at Alexandria. ALEXANDRIA BONDED WAREHOUSE CO. LTD. Cairo, October 4.

## THE ISIS DISASTER.

## MAILS ON SUNDAY.

We are informed by the head office of the Postal Administration that the Brindisi mail will arrive at Port Said at six o'clock to-morrow evening and that the Alexandria distribution will commence at 8 a.m. on Sunday.

It will be observed from the Reuter's telegram which we append that the Isis has been sufficiently repaired to be able to continue her voyage. Doubtless she will be accompanied by the Paris, which, as we reported yesterday, went to her help on receipt of the news at Port Said, so that in the event of further breakdown every assistance will be at hand.

Among the passengers who, according to Reuter's despatch of the day before yesterday, ran a great risk of serious injury, were Mr. H. Aspinall, the popular secretary to the Turf Club, Cairo, and Mr. George Walker, of the firm of Messrs. Walker and Meimarchi.

The weekly Brindisi mail will be made up at the G. P. O., Alexandria, on Sunday at 3.10 p.m. for ordinary correspondence. Registered letters must be posted one hour earlier.

ZANTE, October 4.

The Isis has left with passengers and mails for Port Said, where she is expected to arrive on Saturday. (Reuter)

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish, in a spirit of fair play to all, to permit—within certain necessary limitations—free discussion.

## OFFICIALS AND CIVILIANS.

## TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir,—It is a thousand pities that "A More Business Man" should have so misread the letter I wrote to you from the Fayoum a few days ago. I was then labouring under the impression that I was accusing one of your correspondents of snobbishness in speaking slightly of the benefits of a Board School Education. I ventured to point out the superiority of a Board School Education to that of Public School and "Varsity," and I spoke of the latter form of education as being possibly a misfortune! Will "A More Business Man" do me the favour of reading my letter once again and more carefully, and then informing me whence he infers that I consider that the British Commercial Community here has enjoyed a Board School education? No such insinuation was made, and moreover the benefits of a Board School Education were described as superior to those of a "Varsity and Public School education. How the remarks in my letter could have been so distorted as to bring about a meaning contrary to that intended is hard to imagine! There seems to be considerable bitterness shown on the part of the unofficial correspondents in this controversy. Let them rest assured that this bitterness is in no way reciprocated, and that the greatest admiration and respect for our commercial fellow-countrymen here, who do so much to keep England's name and reputation bright, are felt by all Anglo-Egyptian officials, not excluding—"CIVILIAN OFFICIAL."

Rosetta, October 4.

## TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir,—The charge made against "five or six civilian officials" by your correspondent "Ex Officio" appears to me to be an argument in favour of my original suggestion, that all Government officials or employés should wear the turban as a protection against being taken for members of the commercial community. Surely if the official class adopted the suggestion made in my letter of the 19th September and, wore some distinguishing badge no such charge as that referred to above could be made against a community composed of gentlemen who are mostly University scholars, and who as such, I feel sure, would never disgrace themselves in the manner stated to have occurred in the small hours of the morning.—I am, etc.

ANOTHER RESIDENT OF OVER 30 YEARS' STANDING. Cairo, October 4.

## TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir,—The ideal condition of existence in Cairo would be a community of Anglo-Egyptian officials, undisturbed by the presence of any commercial people of their own race. The British commercial man is doubtless a very well-meaning person in his way, but his presence introduces a certain jarring note and I fully sympathise with the attitude of French and German officialdom, who in the so-called colonies of those nations do their best to ensure a tranquil life by suppressing the commercial man of their own race by making their existence intolerable. However, for good or ill, such is not the policy of the British Government and at Cairo we should learn to tolerate them. We need not arouse their irritation by patronising airs and should always rather adopt a condescending attitude to this class of human beings, but at the same time if they consider that their racial relationship to us affords them a special right to criticise, they should be taught to keep to their place. The best way of treating these people is to adopt an attitude of studied irony towards them. Such treatment would prevent them from becoming familiar, as it appears to puzzle them.—I am, truly yours.

CANTAR.

Cairo, October 4.



## AMERICAN GREED.

## SENSATIONAL PRESIDENTIAL SPEECH

## LABOUR AND CAPITAL.

NEW YORK, October 4.  
President Roosevelt, speaking at Harrisburg, said that a narrow interpretation of the powers of the Government was the chief bulwark of those great monied interests which oppose the attempt to place them under efficient government control. The forces of greed must be checked so as to ensure justice being done with regard to labour and capital. It behoves Americans to seek the right kind of civilisation, which shall not be mere plutocracy as represented by the Banking-house or Wall Street syndicate. (Feuter)

## MASSACRES AT WARSAW.

## LAWLESSNESS IN THE CAPITAL.

## BOMBS AND DYNAMITES SEIZED.

WARSAW, October 4.  
164 persons have been killed and 596 wounded in the streets of the city during the last four months. (Reuter)

## ST. PETERSBURG, October 4.

The police have seized 110 bombs and a quantity of dynamite at the Engineering School of the Ministry of Railways here.

The lawlessness existing in the capital is further evidenced by the daring attempt of a band of men to waylay a Government messenger carrying large sums of money, near the Bourso. The police were forewarned and watched the messenger. A regular pitched battle ensued, and the assailants were driven off. (R.)

## ST. PETERSBURG, October 4.

The Tsar has returned to Peterhof. (Havas)

## RUSSIA'S REGENERATION.

## 20,000,000 ACRES FOR PEASANTS.

## ST. PETERSBURG, October 4.

An Imperial decree has been issued authorizing the sale of 20,000,000 acres of Siberian land to peasants. (Feuter)

## THE MINERS' FEDERATION.

## KEIR HARDIE OPPOSED.

## LONDON, October 4.

The Miners' Federation, met at Swansea, decided against joining the Keir Hardie party. (Reuter)

## THE CARDIFF CONFERENCE.

## BELL v. HARDIE.

## LONDON, October 4.

In spite of the triumph of the Labourists at Cardiff, Mr. Bell insists that the resolutions do not represent the views of a large bulk of railway servants. He demands that a general ballot should be taken. (Reuter)

## WRECK OF THE CHARTERHOUSE.

## HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE.

## HONG KONG, October 4.

The emigrant ship Charterhouse foundered near here. The captain and 60 passengers were drowned. The chief engineer and 23 of the crew and two women were picked up, after having being 43 hours on a raft. (Reuter)

## HONG KONG, October 4.

The S.S. Charterhouse has foundered off Cape Hainan. Sixty emigrants are missing. (Havas)

## MAYORAL VISIT TO PARIS.

## LONDON, October 4.

The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs will take the State coaches with them on the occasion of their visit to Paris, on the 14th instant. (R.)

## THEATRE BURNT DOWN.

## NANCY, October 4.

The Theatre has been destroyed by fire. (H.)

## Egyptian State Railway Institute.

The first Dance of the Season which was to take place on the 6th October has been postponed owing to the death of Major J. H. L. Johnston General Manager of these Railways. 28616-2-1

## Sudan Government.

## NOTICE.

Persons importing Egyptian Labourers to work in the Sudan are recommended to enter into a written contract with them. This contract should be explained and signed by the Labourers in presence of an official or other reliable witness. 28283A-30-10-9-6

## THE SOLDIER'S FUTURE.

## THE RESERVIST'S LIVELIHOOD.

The article which we, in part, reproduced from our contemporary the "Tribune" yesterday under the heading of the "Soldier's Future" continues as follows:—

What is the existing machinery for setting down the Reservist to a means of livelihood? In London there are certain societies, some State aided in small degree, but all (with one exception) largely dependent on voluntary support, who are busily engaged in the work. The Committee elicited from the representatives of each the methods by which the end is sought and the rules governing its activity. The result was the discovery of a considerable amount of overlapping, almost inevitable in the circumstances. We will mention the chief organizations.

The Army and Navy Pensioners and Time-Expired Men's Employment Society, established in 1855, endeavours to procure situations for pensioners and time-expired men of "good" character. No pecuniary assistance is given to the men, nor are any fees charged. Towards its funds the War Office makes a grant of £10,000, regiments and private individuals subscribe, and there is the interest on a small investment. The society found employment, either temporary or permanent, for 3,332 men in 1902-3, for 2,520 in 1903-4, and for 2,290 in 1904-5. According to the evidence of Colonel C. R. Shervinton, its definition of temporary employment is daily pay, at an average of 4s., and of permanent, a week-to-week engagement, at about 25s.

The National Association for the Employment of Reserve and Discharged Soldiers, whose work was described by Mr. Haldane at its last annual meeting as being "as much a part of the organization of the Army as the War Office itself," has existed since 1888, and covers a wide area. It has 114 branches, of which 27 are supported by local subscriptions supplemented by grants from the central association, while the remaining 87 are managed from the headquarters of the regimental districts and the offices of the Recruiting Staff Officers in the large towns. A Government grant of £1,000 is supplemented by the interest on an investment of £2,000 and by subscriptions from canteen and regimental funds and from private sources. It endeavours to secure permanent employment for ex-soldiers (including Royal Marines) of "good" character, registering, as a rule, only the names of those who have left or been discharged from the Army within a period of three months preceding the date of their application for employment. This tightening up of the conditions is a recent innovation necessitated by the large number of applicants remaining on the books of the association. In 1902-3 permanent employment—namely, anything over a three months' engagement—was found for 13,909, in 1903-4 for 11,068, in 1904-5 for 8,603, and in 1905-6 for 8,684. Temporary employment was also found for 2,100 men in 1904-5, and for 2,726 in 1905-6, but a record of this class of employment in previous years was not kept.

Unlike the two foregoing organizations, the Incorporated Soldiers' and Sailors' Help Society is chiefly charitable in its operations, and hardly comes within the scope of this review, excepting in so far as it aims at providing its clients with the name and address of a "friend" in each parish throughout the Empire who endeavours to provide employment or other help, and in teaching useful trades to men discharged as medically unfit and who are unable to obtain ordinary employment. It receives a grant of £50 from Army funds, and is otherwise supported by regiments, ships, and private persons, and in 1902 found employment for 4,900 men, in 1903 for 5,493, in 1904 for 5,593, and in 1905 for 4,704. It places on its register all men, except those of "bad" character.

Perhaps the best known, because the most evident, of all these beneficent agencies is the Corps of Commissioners, whose 3,046 members are a public part of daily life. The report succinctly observes: "It is quite an unique organization, its members are under discipline, and are governed by a special code of rules, covering sick, savings bank, insurance, and pension funds, and the principles on which it is worked are that the men must support themselves." As Colonel M. McNeill said expressed it: "the whole principle of the corps is 'No outside financial assistance; the commissioners must entirely support himself' and this is done, with the result that the ranks are always filled with the most trustworthy of servants."

Then come the purely regimental organizations, mainly supported by past and present officers, such as the Brigade of Guards Employment Society, which has placed 647 in the last four years; the Irish Guards, which has a special arrangement by which a certain number of its men may be enlisted in the Royal Irish Constabulary, the Royal Engineer's Labour Bureau and the Rifleman's Aid Society, both of which keep registers and work in co-operation with the other employment agencies.

There are certain other associations, described in the report as "miscellaneous," which are working in the same direction, and a reference to them completes the list of voluntary agencies—the only method at present in existence—through which the instrumentality of the Reservist or time expired soldier can come into immediate touch with the civilian employer. In the place of these multifarious and overlapping organizations the Committee recommends the establishment of one central body financially assisted by, but not under the control of, the Admiralty and War Office, with affiliated branches in counties and towns.

## MARVELS OF SURGERY.

## TRANSPLANTATION OF VEINS.

At a recent meeting of the Congress of Natural Research and Medicine at Stuttgart, Professor Garre, of Breslau, delivered an interesting lecture on the transplanting of blood-vessels and organs, the topic which attracted so much attention at the meeting of the British Medical Association at Toronto in August, when instances were given of the transplantation of kidneys from one dog to another.

Professor Garre mentioned a recent case in which a child of four years' suffering from cretinism had a portion of its mother's thyroid gland transplanted into its veins. After nine months the child was beginning to develop intellectually, and to walk and talk.

He had, he said, succeeded in removing blood-vessels six centimetres (2½ inches) long, not only from live animals, but from animals which had been dead an hour and a half, to other animals. While it was not possible to remove and transplant large blood-vessels from living human beings, yet blood-vessels could be suitably taken from freshly amputated limbs. Such transplanting would be of great use in many cases in modern surgery, for instance when, in removing large tumours, large blood-vessels have to be tied up, which often results fatally for the parts of the body fed by these blood-vessels.

Professor Garre described experiments which he had made in transplanting kidneys. He had removed the kidney of a dog and sewed it in the same animal's neck so that the nephritic artery was joined to the carotid artery, and the nephritic veins to the veins of the neck.

He had further sewed the kidney of a dog in the body of another dog with such success that the transplanted kidney had performed its natural functions perfectly.

## MARK TWAIN'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

## "INTRODUCING" HIS ANCESTORS.

The autobiography of Mark Twain, which is being published in serial form by an American journal, contains a good "story" about the late Mr. William Walter Phelps, when the latter was United States Minister at the Court of Berlin.

"One evening he had me to dinner to meet Count S., a Cabinet Minister," writes Mark Twain. "This nobleman was of long and illustrious descent. Of course, I wanted to let the fact that I had some ancestors, too; but I did not want to pull them out of their graves by the ears, and I never could seem to get the chance to work them in in a way that would look sufficiently casual. I suppose Phelps was in the same difficulty. In fact, he looked distraught, now and then—just as a person looks who wants to uncover an ancestor purely by accident, and cannot think of a way that will seem accidental enough. But at last, after dinner, he made a try. He took us about his drawing-room, showing us the pictures, and finally stopped before a rude and ancient engraving. It was a picture of the court that tried Charles I. There was a pyramid of judges in Puritan sloth hats, and below them three bareheaded secretaries seated at a table. Mr. Phelps put his finger upon one of the three and said with exulting indifference:—

"An ancestor of mine."

"I put my finger on a judge and retorted with soothing languidness:—

"Ancestor of mine. But it is a small matter. I have others."

"It was not noble in me to do it, I have always regretted it since. But it landed him."

## THE KRUGER FORTUNE.

Since the late Boer war a new phase of treasure-hunting has been in vogue, writes Douglas Blackburn, in "Chambers's Journal." Some one started a rumour that ere his departure from the Transvaal the late President had a quantity of bar-gold, variously estimated at a value ranging from one to several millions, conveyed up-country and buried. The story received so much credence that the British Government at Pretoria has provided special permits and police assistance to various persons who professed to be able to guide a search-party to the hiding place.

The degree of gullibility that even intelligent and educated men can attain when excited by treasure-greaves was amusingly illustrated by a well-known instance. A young Boer from the district supposed to contain the treasure called upon a doctor near Johannesburg, and told a strange story. He said that one night while riding to the farm of a relative he saw lights in a wooded kloof, or gorge, and reconnoitring cautiously, he saw a party of men removing boxes from a wagon and burying them. Carefully noting the spot, he got away unobserved, and returned next day, when he unearthed a box, which, on being broken open, he found to contain bars of gold and quantities of Kruger sovereigns minted on one side only. In confirmation of the story he produced three discs of gold which appeared to have been struck on one side with an imperfect die. His object in calling on the doctor was to borrow fifty pounds in order to procure a wagon and oxen to remove the treasure. He was asked why he did not bring away the portable coins and thus make himself independent of outside financial aid. His explanation was ingenuous. He feared to bring more lest he might be found with them upon him!

It is estimated that over ten thousand pounds have been expended by the various search-parties that have undertaken the search for the Kruger millions.

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## SPORT AND PLAY.

## ALEXANDRIA SWIMMING CLUB.

To-morrow, let us remind our readers, is the day fixed for the fourth annual aquatic sports of the Alexandria Swimming Club, which will be held in the new Gabbari graving dock, commencing at a quarter to three. Extra interest is attached to the programme by the addition of a race of 260 yards between the teams of the Alexandria Rowing Club, the Club Nautique Français, the Club International Canotier, and the Dentscher Sportverein, which should be one of the best contested events of the programme. We are glad to learn that the sale of tickets has far exceeded that of former years, so that these sports may be expected to eclipse their forerunners in every sense. The following is the programme:—

60 Yards Club Handicap for the "Sirdar Medal" presented by Sir Reginald Wingate as a perpetual trophy on which the winner's name will be engraved yearly;

60 Yards Junior Handicap;  
60 Yards Veteran Handicap;  
Final 60 Yards Members Handicap;  
Junior Diving Championship;  
Plunging Championship;  
Polo Match;  
360 Yards Invitation Team Race;  
Three Widths Blindfold Race;  
Diving Championship;  
Obstacle Race;  
Military Polo Match;  
Walking the Pole;  
Military Tug of War.

A special prize will be presented by the Club to the member producing the six best photographic snapshots of the sports. Mr. M. Hockmayer's orchestra will play a selection of music during the afternoon.

## SOMETHING IN A NAME.

A stranger, wishing to play golf at North Berwick, saw one in authority upon the matter. "What name, sir?" asked the official "De Neufeldt," "Man," the official said, "we cannot have names like that at North Berwick. You'll start in the morn at 10.15 to the name of 'Fairgusson'!"

## Calendar of Coming Events.

## ALEXANDRIA.

October.  
Fri. 5 Alhambra Theatre. Variety Performance. 9.30.  
Mex Casino and Restaurant on Syrian Island. Concert daily by Roumanian orchestra. (Tel. No. 940).  
French Garden. Varieties and Menagerie. 9.30.  
San Stefano Theatre. Varieties. 9.45.  
Windsor Hotel. Concert by De Salvo orchestra. 6-12 daily.  
Sat. 6 A. S. C. Skye Meeting.  
Alexandria Swimming Club. Fourth Annual Aquatic Sports at Gabbari. 2.45.  
Round Point. Pigeon Shooting. 2.30.  
Sun. 7 Round Point. Pigeon Shooting. 2.30.  
Alhambra Theatre. Matinée.  
San Stefano Casino. Charity Fete for benefit of aged seamen.  
Sat. 13 K. Y. C. "Pours" of Rowing Clubs. R. 4.30.  
Alexandria Swimming Club. 60 yds. Junior and 110 yds. Senior Championships at Ras-el-Tin.  
B. R. C. Montepia Range. Practice, starting at 500 yards, 2.30.  
Sat. 20 Alexandria Swimming Club. 100 yds. Junior and 220 yds. Senior Championships at Ras-el-Tin.  
Sat. 27 Alexandria Swimming Club. 440 yds. Senior Championship at Ras-el-Tin.

## CAIRO.

October.  
Fri. 5 Ezbekieh Garden Theatre. French comedy company.  
Théâtre des Nouveautés. 9.30.  
Alcazar Parisien. 9.30.  
Champs Elyse. Cinematograph Entertainment.  
Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghiseh Boy's Band. Afternoon.  
Sun. 7 Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghiseh Boy's Band. Afternoon.  
Tue. 9 Ezbekieh Gardens. Performance by British Military Band. 9.  
Wed. 10 Continental Hotel. Concert by Military Band. 8 to 11.

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